## PATENT COOPERATION TREATY

# **PCT**

# Translation INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY REPORT ON PATENTABILITY

(Chapter II of the Patent Cooperation Treaty)

(PCT Article 36 and Rule 70)

Applicant's or agent's file reference							
C1-A0231P	FOR FURTHER ACTION	See Form PCT/IPEA/416					
International application No.	International filing date (day/month/year)	Priority date (day/month/year)					
PCT/JP2004/000496	21.01.2004	21.01.2003					
International Patent Classification (IPC) or nat							
C12P 21/08, C12N 1/2	1, C07K 16/00 // C12	N 15/09					
Applicant CHUGAI SEIYAKU KABUS	HIKI KAISHA						
This report is the international preli under Article 35 and transmitted to tl	minary examination report, established by the applicant according to Article 36.	this International Preliminary Examining Authority					
2. This REPORT consists of a total of	6 sheets, incl	uding this cover sheet.					
3. This report is also accompanied by A							
a. (sent to the applicant and	d to the International Bureau) a total of	sheets, as follows:					
sheets of the descri	ption, claims and/or drawings which have be	een amended and are the basis for this report and/or					
sheets containing re Instructions).	ectifications authorized by this Authority (se	ee Rule 70.16 and Section 607 of the Administrative					
sheets which supersede earlier sheets, but which this Authority considers contain an amendment that goes beyond the disclosure in the international application as filed, as indicated in item 4 of Box No. I and the Supplemental							
Box.							
b (sent to the International Bureau only) a total of (indicate type and number of electronic carrier(s))							
related thereto, in compute Section 802 of the Adminis	r readable form only, as indicated in the St	, containing a sequence listing and/or tables applemental Box Relating to Sequence Listing (see					
4. This report contains indications relat	<del></del>						
Box No. I Basis of the							
	e report						
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	ishment of opinion with regard to novelty, ir	nventive step and industrial applicability					
	ity of invention						
Box No. V Reasoned s	Box No. V Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement						
Box No. VI Certain do	cuments cited						
Box No. VII Certain def	fects in the international application						
Date of submission of the demand	Date of completion	of this report					
	Date of completion	or this report					
Name and mailing address of the IPEA/	Authorized officer						
Facsimile No.	Tolombono No						

# INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY REPORT ON PATENTABILITY

International application No.
PCT/JP2004/000496

Box	No. I	Basis of the report					
1.	With	regard to the language, this report is based on the internationated under this item.	nal application in the language in which it	was filed, unless otherwise			
		This report is based on translations from the original langua which is the language of a translation furnished for the purp	ge into the following languageoses of:	,			
		international search (Rule 12.3 and 23.1(b))					
		publication of the international application (Rule 12.4					
	*****	international preliminary examination (Rule 55.2 and					
2.	recei	With regard to the elements of the international application, this report is based on (replacement sheets which have been furnished to the receiving Office in response to an invitation under Article 14 are referred to in this report as "originally filed" and are not annexed to this report):					
	$\bowtie$	the international application as originally filed/furnished					
		the description:					
		pages		as originally filed/furnished			
		pages*	received by this Authority on				
		pages*	received by this Authority on				
		the claims:					
		nos.		as originally filed/furnished			
		nos.*		- ,			
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		nos.*					
		the drawings:					
		sheets		as originally filed/furnished			
		sheets*					
		sheets*	received by this Authority on				
		a sequence listing and/or any related table(s) - see Supplem	nental Box Relating to Sequence Listing.				
3.	Ш	The amendments have resulted in the cancellation of:					
		the description, pages					
		the claims, nos.					
		the drawings, sheets/figs					
		1 1					
4.		This report has been established as if (some of) the amend they have been considered to go beyond the disclosure as fi	Iments annexed to this report and listed by	alow had not been made since			
	the description, pages						
	the claims, nos.						
	the drawings, sheets/figs						
	the sequence listing (specify):						
	any table(s) related to sequence listing (specify):						
*	If ite	em 4 applies, some or all of those sheets may be marked "sup					

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Box			rticle 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; pporting such statement	
1.	Statement			
	Novelty (N)	Claims	1-7, 10-12	YES
		Claims	8, 9	NO
	Inventive step (IS	S) Claims	1-7, 10-12	YES
		Claims	8, 9	NO
	Industrial applica	ability (IA) Claims	1-12	YES
		Claims		NO
l				

#### 2. Citations and explanations (Rule 70.7)

Cited documents:

- 1. Paul Carter, "Bispecific human IgG by design", J Immunol Methods, 2001, vol. 248, pages 7-15
- 2. WO 98/50431 A2
- 3. A.M. Merchant et al., "An efficient route to human bispecific IgG", Nat. Biotechnol., 1998, vol.16, no.7, pages 677-681

Documents 1-3 indicate that in order to limit the occurrence of the formation of incorrect combinations of pairs of heavy chains and light chain so that efficient production can be achieved when producing bispecific antibodies having two different heavy chains, a common light chain is used that can be combined with either of the above-mentioned heavy chains. Moreover, when selecting the aforementioned common light chain, a search is performed for an antibody having a light chain comprising an amino acid sequence that is identical to or similar to both the groups of antibodies having one of two heavy chains and the groups of antibodies having the other heavy chain, and the light chain of said antibody is used as the light chain.

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Box No. V

Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement

Claims 1-7 and 10-12

As indicated above, documents 1-3 disclose the use of a common light chain that can be combined with either of two different heavy chains so that efficient production of bispecific antibodies can be achieved.

However, a method for screening for items fulfilling certain multiple conditions from certain groups, wherein a search is carried out for items fulfilling the first conditions, thereafter a search is carried out among those items obtained in the first search to find items fulfilling the second condition, thereby carrying out sequential screening to obtain items fulfilling multiple conditions, is widely known in this technical field.

As a method for searching for common light chains to use in bispecific antibodies, it would be easy for a person skilled in the art to conceive of replacing the method disclosed in document 1-3 wherein, a search is performed for an antibody having a light chain comprising an amino acid sequence that is identical to or similar to both the groups of antibodies having one of two heavy chains and the groups of antibodies having the other heavy chain, and the light chain of said antibody is used as the light chain, with the method wherein, firstly, a search is performed for light chains that uniquely bond with a desired first antibody by combining with a first heavy chain, and from said light chains, a search is performed for a light chain that uniquely bonds with a desired second antibody by combining with a second heavy chain, hence the light chain ultimately obtained is a common light chain, taking into consideration the technical art at the time of the priority date of the

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present application.

However, the application of a screening method, wherein a host cells that secretes a heavy chain is produced, a light chain library is introduced into said host cell, a phage library presenting antibodies constituted by said heavy chains and said light chains is prepared, and a library is selected that presents the antibodies uniquely bonding with a desired antigens, which is used when performing this two-stage screening would not be obvious to a person skilled in the art taking into consideration the technical art at the time of the priority date of the present application.

Since the aforementioned screening method would not be obvious to a person skilled in the art, said screening method characterised wherein the heavy chain is replaced with Fd, and the antibody constituted from a heavy chain and a light chain is replaced with Fab, or wherein based on the gene sequence of the light chain selected using said screening method, a vector is produced that is capable of expressing said light chain and introduced into a host cell, and the host cell is cultured to produce light chains would also not be obvious to a person skilled in the art.

Therefore, the inventions set forth in the abovementioned claims are inventive in relation to documents 1-3 cited in the international search report.

Claims 8 and 9

The invention set forth in claim 8 is the light chain obtained using the screening method of the invention set forth in claims 1-7. As discussed above,

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said screening method is not obvious to a person skilled in the art. However, the light chain obtained using said screening method is a light chain common to two different heavy chains, hence it is impossible to distinguish the difference between this light chain and the common light chains disclosed in documents 1-3.

Similarly, the antibody of the invention disclosed in claim 9 is an antibody containing the light chain obtained using the screening method of the invention set forth in claims 1-7 and it is impossible to distinguish this antibody from the antibody containing a common light chain as disclosed in documents 1-3.

Therefore, the inventions set forth in claims 8 and 9 lack novelty and do not involve an inventive step in the light of documents 1-3 cited in the international search report.